

COMPUTATION OF ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD IN DISPERSE NONSPHERICAL PARTICLES WITH OPTICAL INHOMOGENEOUS

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In this work we consider the systems of nonspherical particles with optical inhomogeneity being in the external electromagnetic field. We consider a single particle, two-layered particle, multiple-layered particle, a system of two particles and system of N particles where N can take on any natural number. Our purpose is to receive the formulas of vectors of electric and magnetic fields distributed inside particles.

For solving of the problem of electromagnetic field interaction with particles we use the Huygens-Poincare principle. Each particle we consider must satisfy follows smoothness conditions on their surface:

1. There must exist a point inside S such that if this point is chosen as the origin of a spherical coordinate system, the radius r to a point on S is continuous function $r(\theta, \varphi)$ of the spherical angles θ and φ .
2. S must be “peace smooth” to satisfy the requirements for Gauss’s theorem.

From analysis of derived solutions we have also that some kind of function of the relative dielectric permeability of coordinate of the particle $\varepsilon(r)$ can lead to more homogenous distribution of field inside the particle or in some part of it. Such homogenous can also exist in some part of particle in case when the complex part of $\varepsilon(r)$ is less than zero. Changing fundamental functions which are the terms of series in which fields are expanded leads also to changing the resonances positions in comparison with case for homogenous particle.

This developed approach in some cases can be generalised to particles with relative dielectric permeability depending on values of the field (non-linear system case). It can be achieved using asymptotical methods in case of weak non-linearity and also in cases when we can obtain an exact solutions for corresponding spherical particle. Such solutions can be obtained, for example, when inside the particle we put $\varepsilon=0$. This condition lets us obtain the solution for non-linear Helmholtz’s equation and it is an additional condition for components of electric field vector.